

(1390 REV. 5-93) US DEPT. OF COMMERCE PATENT & TRADEMARK OFFICE		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER 110517
TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371		U.S. APPLICATION NO. (if known, sec 37 C.F.R. 1.5)
		09/914852
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/DK00/00085	INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE March 1, 2000	PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED March 11, 1999
TITLE OF INVENTION TRANSFER PRINTING MACHINE		
APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US Knud Villefrance RASMUSSEN		
Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:		
1. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This is a FIRST submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. 2. <input type="checkbox"/> This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. 3. <input type="checkbox"/> This express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1). 4. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date. 5. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)) a. <input type="checkbox"/> is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). b. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> has been transmitted by the International Bureau. c. <input type="checkbox"/> is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US) 6. <input type="checkbox"/> A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)). 7. <input type="checkbox"/> Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)) a. <input type="checkbox"/> are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). b. <input type="checkbox"/> have been transmitted by the International Bureau. c. <input type="checkbox"/> have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired. d. <input type="checkbox"/> have not been made and will not be made. 8. <input type="checkbox"/> A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)). 9. <input type="checkbox"/> An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)). 10. <input type="checkbox"/> A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(5)). Items 11. to 16. below concern other document(s) or information included: 11. <input type="checkbox"/> An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. 12. <input type="checkbox"/> An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included. 13. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A FIRST preliminary amendment. <input type="checkbox"/> A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment. 14. <input type="checkbox"/> A substitute specification. 15. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Entitlement to small entity status is hereby asserted. 16. <input type="checkbox"/> Other items or information:		

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (if known, see 37 C.F.R. 1.5) 09/914852		INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/DK00/00085		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER 110517	
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17. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The following fees are submitted: Basic National fee (37 CFR 1.492(a)(1)-(5)): Search Report has been prepared by the EPO or JPO \$860.00 International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) \$690.00 No international preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) but international search fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) \$710.00 Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO \$1,000.00 International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(2)-(4) \$ 100.00 ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =				CALCULATIONS		PTO USE ONLY	
				\$860.00			
Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(e)).				\$			
Claims	Number Filed	Number Extra	Rate				
Total Claims	7 - 20 =	0	X \$ 18.00	\$			
Independent Claims	1 - 3 =	0	X \$ 80.00	\$			
Multiple dependent claim(s)(if applicable)			+ \$270.00	\$			
TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =				\$860.00			
Reduction by 1/2 for filing by small entity, if applicable.				-			
SUBTOTAL =				\$430.00			
Processing fee of \$130.00 for furnishing the English translation later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 month from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(f)).				\$			
TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =				\$430.00			
				Amount to be refunded			
				\$			
				Charged			
				\$			

a. ☒ Check No. 122361 in the amount of \$430.00 to cover the above fees is enclosed.

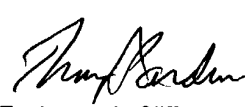
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c. ☒ The Director is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account No. 15-0461. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.

SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:
 OLIFF & BERRIDGE, PLC
 P.O. Box 19928
 Alexandria, Virginia 22320

Date: September 4, 2001


 NAME: James A. Oliff
 REGISTRATION NUMBER: 27,075

 NAME: Thomas J. Pardini
 REGISTRATION NUMBER: 30,411

U.S. APPLICATION NO. 09/914852 C.F.R. 1.5)		INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/DK00/00085		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER 110517	
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17. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The following fees are submitted: Basic National fee (37 CFR 1.492(a)(1)-(5)): Search Report has been prepared by the EPO or JPO\$860.00 International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482)\$690.00 No international preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) but international search fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2))\$710.00 Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO\$1,000.00 International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(2)-(4)\$ 100.00 ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =				CALCULATIONS		PTO USE ONLY	
ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =				\$860.00			
Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(e)).				\$			
Claims	Number Filed	Number Extra	Rate				
Total Claims	7 - 20 =	0	X \$ 18.00	\$			
Independent Claims	1 - 3 =	0	X \$ 80.00	\$			
Multiple dependent claim(s)(if applicable)			+ \$270.00	\$			
TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =				\$860.00			
Reduction by 1/2 for filing by small entity, if applicable.				- \$430.00			
SUBTOTAL =				\$430.00			
Processing fee of \$130.00 for furnishing the English translation later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 month from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(f)).				\$			
TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =				\$430.00			
				Amount to be refunded	\$		
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a. ☒ Check No. 122361 in the amount of \$430.00 to cover the above fees is enclosed.

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c. ☒ The Director is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account No. 15-0461. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

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 NAME: James A. Oliff
 REGISTRATION NUMBER: 27,075

Date: September 4, 2001

NAME: Thomas J. Pardini
 REGISTRATION NUMBER: 30,411

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re the Application of

Knud Villefrance RASMUSSEN

Application No.: US National Stage of PCT/DK00/00085

Filed: September 4, 2001

Docket No.: 110517

For: TRANSFER PRINTING MACHINE

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Director of the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office
Washington, D. C. 20231

Sir:

Prior to initial examination, please amend the above-identified application as follows:

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please replace claims 3-7 as follows:

3. (Amended) Machine as claimed in claim 1, characterised in that the endless belt (5) is made of a waterproof, essentially non-stretchable material.
4. (Amended) Machine as claimed in claim 1, characterised in that the endless belt (5) is made of an aramide-fibre reinforced rubber blanket.
5. (Amended) Machine as claimed in claim 1, characterised in that the machine comprises two pressure rollers (2).
6. (Amended) Machine as claimed in claim 1, characterised in that one or more of the rollers (1, 2, 3, 4), preferably the reversing roller (4), comprise(s) a convex surface.
7. (Amended) Machine as claimed in claim 1, characterised in that the reversing roller (3) is driving.

REMARKS

Claims 1-7 are pending. Claims 3-7 are amended to eliminate multiple dependencies.

Prompt and favorable consideration on the merits is respectfully requested.

The attached Appendix includes marked-up copies of each rewritten claim (37 C.F.R. §1.121(c)(1)(ii)).

Respectfully submitted,



James A. Oliff
Registration No. 27,075

Thomas J. Pardini
Registration No. 30,411

JAO:TJP/zmc

Attached: APPENDIX

Date: September 4, 2001

OLIFF & BERRIDGE, PLC
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Alexandria, Virginia 22320
Telephone: (703) 836-6400

DEPOSIT ACCOUNT USE AUTHORIZATION Please grant any extension necessary for entry; Charge any fee due to our Deposit Account No. 15-0461
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APPENDIX

Changes to Claims:

The following are marked-up versions of the amended claims:

3. (Amended) Machine as claimed in claim 1 ~~or 2~~, characterised in that the endless belt (5) is made of a waterproof, essentially non-stretchable material.
4. (Amended) Machine as claimed in claim 1 ~~claims 1 to 3~~, characterised in that the endless belt (5) is made of an aramide-fibre reinforced rubber blanket.
5. (Amended) Machine as claimed in claim 1 ~~claims 1 to 4~~, characterised in that the machine comprises two pressure rollers (2).
6. (Amended) Machine as claimed in claim 1 ~~claims 1 to 5~~, characterised in that one or more of the rollers (1, 2, 3, 4), preferably the reversing roller (4), comprise(s) a convex surface.
7. (Amended) Machine as claimed in claim 1 ~~claims 1 to 6~~, characterised in that the reversing roller (3) is driving.

Title: Transfer printing machine

Technical Field

The invention relates to a machine for transfer pattern printing of textile webs, said machine comprising a centre roller, at least one pressure roller, a tension roller, a reversing roller and an endless belt which is of a width substantially corresponding to the length of the pressure roller and which extends about the tension roller and the reversing roller, and where a first portion of the periphery of said pressure roller abuts and exerts a pressure on said centre roller with the result that a pre-printed pattern-carrying web and the textile web are subjected to a local compression, said preprinted pattern-carrying web and said textile web being in contact with one another and passing between said centre roller and said pressure roller.

Background Art

Transfer pattern printing is a technique involving a continuous transfer of a pre-printed pattern from a pattern-carrying web to the textile web, where the two webs are continuously brought into contact with one another in a transfer region which is frequently in the form of one or more pairs of pressure rollers.

Transfer pattern printing is a technique which has been used for a long time and which has been commercially interesting since the 19-fifties, especially in form of sublimation transfer printing for use in connection with printing on textile webs of synthetic fibres. Compared to a direct textile printing, the latter sublimation transfer printing ensures the advantage that it is possible very quickly to adapt the production to other patterns in such a manner that it is only necessary to keep a stock of the designs presenting an actual demand. The direct textile printing necessitates, however, in practice often the production of rather large stocks of the individual designs in order to maintain the costs per printed unit of length of the textile web at a reason-

able level.

Another advantage obtained by the transfer pattern printing is found in the fact that it is possible to obtain a rather sharp and finely detailed transfer of the patterns, said
5 patterns in advance being printed by means of suitable dyes and with the required fineness and sharpness on a suitable pattern-carrying web.

As a result of the above, the transfer pattern printing has gradually become highly interesting, and various types of the technique has been described in several publications within the patent literature.

10 US-PS No. 4,057,864 describes a machine which according to the preamble of claim 1 is to be used for wet transfer pattern printing, and where the pattern-carrying web and the textile web held together one on top of the other are moved about the centre roller and kept in contact therewith by means of an endless belt guided around a portion of the periphery of said centre roller. Some pressure rollers along the periph-
15 ery of the centre roller provide local compressions of the pattern-carrying web and the textile web.

The transfer pattern printing and other types of roller processes are encumbered with the general problem of obtaining a uniform, linear pressure in the entire length of said rollers, i.e. in the entire width of the textile web, said width often being several
20 metres. This problem is caused by the rollers of one pair of rollers exclusively being supported at the ends. Thus both rollers curve away from one another in the middle due to the pressure, which results in a less linear pressure in the middle. In turn the latter causes a non-uniform transfer of the printed pattern from the pattern-carrying web to the textile web, said transfer often being insufficient in the middle. This
25 problem grows along with an increase of the length of the rollers used and along with an increase of the linear pressure required.

DK-PS No. 169,135 discloses a process for transfer pattern printing of a textile web between pairs of rollers under such a high pressure that the transfer of the pattern from the pattern-carrying web to the textile web can be carried out without the use of heat. The above problem of obtaining a uniform linear pressure applies in particular to this process because a linear pressure of up to 50 kg/cm is used by this process.

Previously, attempts have been made at solving this problem by means of particular pressure rollers where the interior of said roller is subjected to a radially outward pressure by means of a hydraulic fluid in such a manner that the surface of said roller is sufficiently deformed so as to ensure a uniform linear pressure in the entire length of said roller. A system using such rollers is, however, encumbered with the drawback that it is very expensive to produce because it requires a complete hydraulic system with pumps, reservoirs, hydraulic pipes and complicated gaskets between the mutually movable parts.

Brief Description of the Invention

The object of the invention is to provide a machine for transfer pattern printing, where it is possible even in connection with very high linear pressures to obtain a uniform linear pressure in the entire width of the textile web.

The machine for transfer pattern printing is according to the invention characterised in that the endless belt is guided around a second portion of the periphery of the pressure roller, said second portion being positioned substantially diametrically opposite the first portion of said periphery of the pressure roller, whereby the pressure exerted by the pressure roller on the centre roller is adjustable by an adjustment of the tension in the endless belt by means of the tension roller. The resulting linear pressure exerted by the pressure roller on the centre roller is uniform in the entire length of said pressure roller because said pressure roller is subjected in its entire length to a uniform linear force by the endless belt.

According to a preferred embodiment, the endless belt is guided around a substantial portion of the periphery of the centre roller and through the nip between the pressure roller and the centre roller. As a result a reliable guidance of the pattern-carrying web and the textile web between the endless belt and the centre roller is obtained, and in addition to the local compression in the nip between the pressure roller and the centre roller a further comparatively weaker compression is obtained of the two webs across an increased portion. The latter can be advantageous in connection with the transfer of the pattern from the pattern-carrying web to the textile web.

- 10 The endless belt is preferably made of a waterproof, essentially non-stretchable material, whereby it is ensured that the pressure roller can subject the centre roller to a sufficiently high linear pressure, and that fluid and dye are not sucked out of the textile web.

15 The endless belt is preferably made of an aramide-fibre reinforced (Kevlar[®]) rubber blanket presenting a high ultimate stress, a high elastic modulus, dimensional stability and an outstanding resistance to moisture.

The machine may according to a preferred embodiment comprise two pressure rollers, which turned out to increase the transferring effect.

20 One or more of the rollers, preferably the reversing roller, may present a convex (bombé) cylindrical surface. As a result an increased tensioning of the endless belt is obtained in the middle, whereby said belt does not move towards the ends of the rollers during operation. In addition, this tensioning assists in ensuring that the linear pressure is equally high at the middle of the pressure roller as well as at the ends of said pressure roller.

- 25 According to a preferred embodiment, the reversing roller is the driving roller which in connection with the rotation drives the remaining rollers and the endless belt.

Brief Description of the Drawings

The invention is described in greater detail below with reference to the accompanying drawing, in which

Fig. 1 is a diagrammatic view of a machine according to the invention, and

- 5 Fig. 2 is a diagrammatic view of a preferred embodiment of a machine according to the invention.

Best Mode for Carrying Out the Invention

The machine shown in Fig. 1 for transfer pattern printing of a textile web comprises
10 a centre roller 1, a pressure roller 2, a tension roller 3, a reversing roller 4 and an endless belt 5. A textile web 7 to be printed is wound off an unwind roll 10 and brought into contact with a pattern-carrying web 6. The pattern-carrying web is wound off an unwind roll 11 and guided into the transfer region between the pressure roller 2 and the centre roller 1. While passing from the roll 10 to the centre roller 1,
15 the textile web 7 is carried through an impregnating unit 17 in which said web 7 is immersed in a fluid bath 18 and subsequently carried through a pair of rollers 15, 16 pressing as much fluid out of said textile web as possible whereby the resulting web contains an exactly defined residual moisture. The textile web 7 and the pattern-carrying web 6 are joined at a speed of up to 50 m/minute, preferably 10 to 20
20 m/minute, and carried between the centre roller 1 and the pressure roller 2 exerting a linear pressure of up to 50 kg/cm. As a result, a predetermined quantity of moisture is pressed out of the textile web 7 with the effect that said textile web 7 soaks the pattern-carrying web and consequently the carrier for the dye. In this manner the carrier is activated, viz. swells, whereby the dye is pressed very quickly - i.e. in a
25 split second - into or penetrates far into the textile web 7. This effect is intensified

by the moist textile web 7 initially being compressed and subsequently after leaving the pair of rollers by said web absorbing the dye and the carrier. Then the textile web 7 and the pattern-carrying web 6 leave the centre roller 1 and are wound on the rolling-up rolls 12 and 13. In a first portion indicated by the reference numeral 8, the pressure roller 2 is in contact with the centre roller 1, and in a second portion 9 positioned diametrically opposite said first portion said pressure roller 2 is in contact with the endless belt 5. The endless belt 5 is guided around the reversing roller 4 and the tension roller 3. The tension roller 3 can be vertically moved by means of a pneumatic cylinder 14 in a direction away from said reversing roller 4 so as to tighten the endless belt 5. A tightening of the endless belt 5 increases the pressure on the pressure roller 2 and consequently the pressure of said pressure roller on the centre roller 1. The endless belt 5 is of a width corresponding to the length of the pressure roller 2, and accordingly said belt subjects said pressure roller 2 to a uniform linear pressure in the entire length of said pressure roller which in turn exerts a uniform linear pressure on the centre roller 1. In order to provide a linear pressure of up to 50 kg/cm, the endless belt 5 is made of an aramide-fibre reinforced (Kevlar®) rubber blanket. At the ends the pressure roller 2 is mounted in guides (not shown) whereby said pressure roller can be moved towards and away from the centre of the centre roller 1.

Fig. 2 shows a preferred embodiment of a machine for transfer pattern printing according to the invention. The machine of Fig. 2 differs from the machine of Fig. 1 by comprising two pressure rollers 2 and by the endless belt 5 extending around a substantial portion of the periphery of the centre roller 1 and through the nip between said pressure rollers 2 and said centre roller 1. As a result the textile web 7 and the pattern-carrying web 6 are compressed along the entire portion of the periphery of the centre roller 1 which is surrounded by the endless belt 5. In addition, the webs are compressed locally between the pressure rollers 2 and the centre roller 1. This structure turned out to be particularly advantageous because the textile web and the pattern-carrying web are smoothed out between the endless belt 5 and the centre

roller 1 before they reach the first pressure roller 2. When the textile web and the pattern-carrying web leave the first pressure roller 2, said webs are reliably fixed relative to one another between the endless belt 5 and the surface of the centre roller 1 until they reach the second pressure roller 2 where they are again subjected to a high linear pressure with the result that the transferring effect is intensified.

The invention is not restricted to the above embodiments. Three or more pressure rollers can for instance be arranged along the periphery of the centre roller.

Claims

1. Machine for transfer pattern printing of a textile web (7), said machine comprising a centre roller (1), at least one pressure roller (2), a tension roller (3), a reversing roller (4) and an endless belt (5), which is of a width substantially corresponding to the length of the pressure roller (2) and which extends about the tension roller (3) and the reversing roller (4), and where a first portion (8) of the periphery of said pressure roller (2) abuts and exerts a pressure on said centre roller (1) with the result that a pre-printed pattern-carrying web (6) and the textile web (7) are subjected to a local compression because said preprinted pattern-carrying web and said textile web are in contact with one another and pass between said centre roller (1) and said pressure roller (2), characterised in that the endless belt (5) is guided around a second portion (9) of the periphery of the pressure roller (2), said second portion (9) being positioned substantially diametrically opposite the first portion (8) of said periphery of the pressure roller (2), whereby the pressure exerted by the pressure roller (2) on the centre roller (1) is adjustable by an adjustment of the tension in the endless belt (5) by means of the tension roller (3).
2. Machine as claimed in claim 1, characterised in that the endless belt (5) is guided around a substantial portion of the periphery of the centre roller (1) and through the nip between the pressure roller (2) and said centre roller (1).
3. Machine as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterised in that the endless belt (5) is made of a waterproof, essentially non-stretchable material.
4. Machine as claimed in claims 1 to 3, characterised in that the endless belt (5) is made of an aramide-fibre reinforced rubber blanket.
5. Machine as claimed in claims 1 to 4, characterised in that the machine comprises two pressure rollers (2).

6. Machine as claimed in claims 1 to 5, characterised in that one or more of the rollers (1, 2, 3, 4), preferably the reversing roller (4), comprise(s) a convex surface.

7. Machine as claimed in claims 1 to 6, characterised in that the reversing
5 roller (3) is driving.

PCT

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(51) International Patent Classification ⁷ : B41F 16/02, D06P 5/00	A1	(11) International Publication Number: WO 00/53419 (43) International Publication Date: 14 September 2000 (14.09.00)
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(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): DANSK HK LTD. [CN/CN]; Unit 6 18/F Wah Chun Industrial Centre, 54 Tai Chung Road, Tsuen Wan N.T., Hong Kong (CN).

(72) Inventor; and

(75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only): RASMUSSEN, Knud, Villefrance [DK/DK]; 2A, Gimlesvej, DK-8600 Silkeborg (DK).

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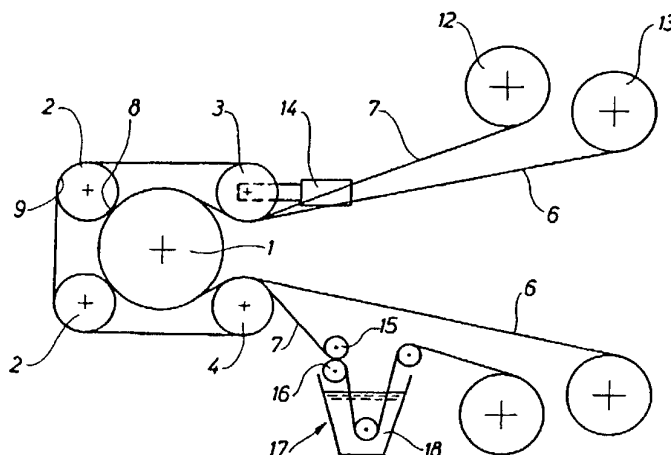
(81) Designated States: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

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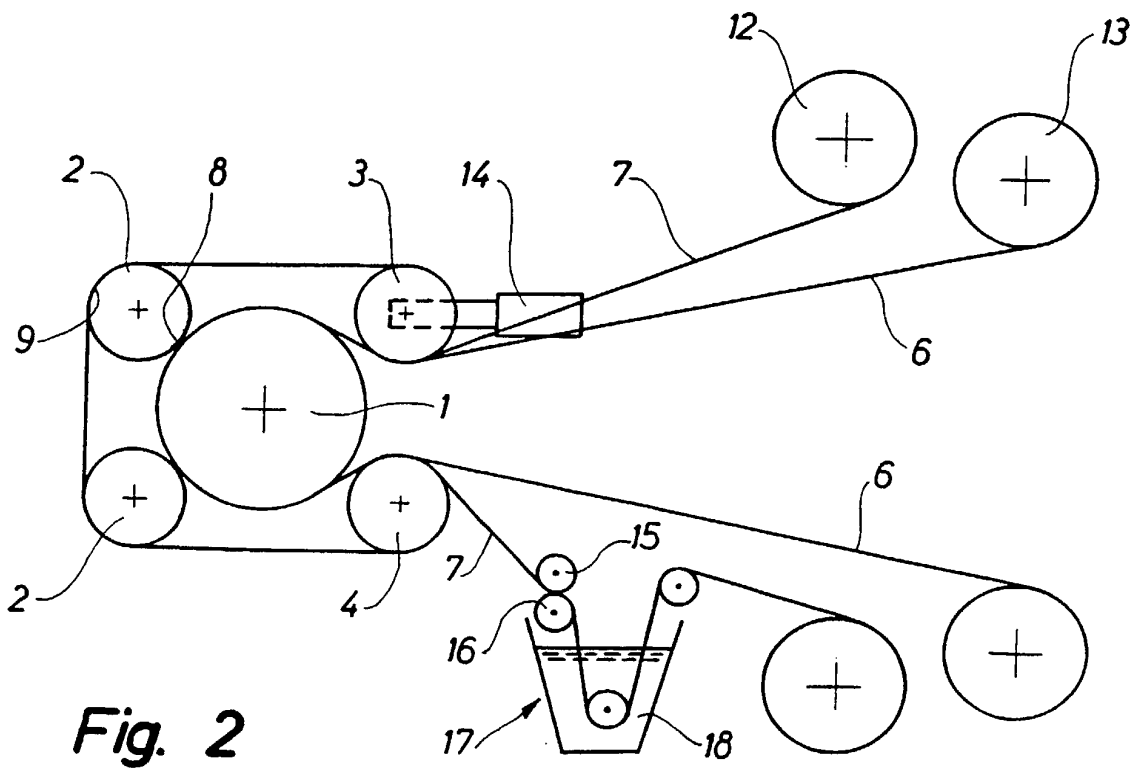
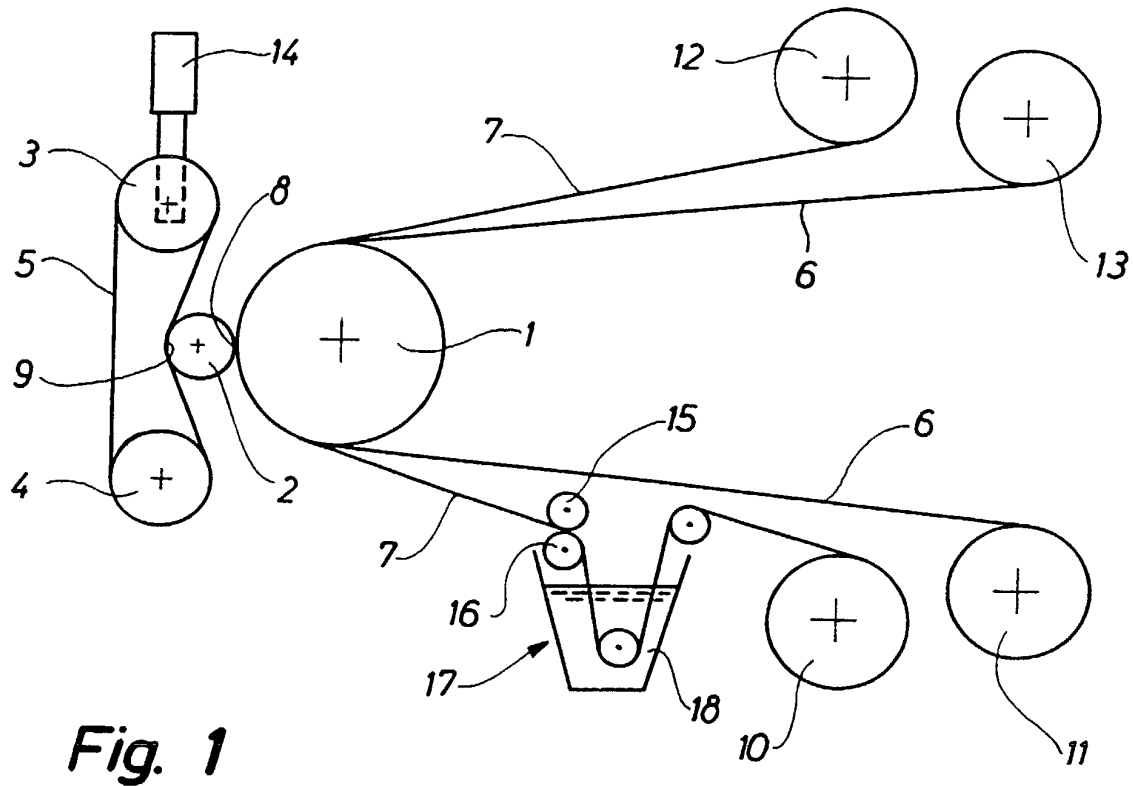
Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.

(54) Title: TRANSFER PRINTING MACHINE



(57) Abstract

Machine for transfer pattern printing of a textile web, said machine comprising a centre roller (1), at least one pressure roller (2), a tension roller (3), a reversing roller (4) and an endless belt (5) which is of a width substantially corresponding to the length of the pressure roller (2). The endless belt (5) extends about the tension roller (3) and the reversing roller (4), and a first portion (8) of the periphery of the pressure roller (2) abuts and exerts a pressure on the centre roller (1). While in continuous contact with one another, a pre-printed pattern-carrying web (6) and the textile web (7) can pass between the centre roller (1) and the pressure roller (2) and here be subjected to a local compression. The endless belt (5) is guided around a second portion (9) of the periphery of the pressure roller (2), said second portion being positioned substantially diametrically opposite the first portion (8) of said periphery of the pressure roller, whereby the pressure exerted by the pressure roller (2) on the centre roller (1) is adjustable by an adjustment of the tension in the endless belt (5) by means of the tension roller (3).



**DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY
UNDER 35 USC §371(c)(4) FOR
PCT APPLICATION FOR UNITED STATES PATENT**

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:
my residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below under my name;

I verily believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought, namely the invention entitled: TRANSFER PRINTING MACHINE
described and claimed in international application number PCT/DK00/00085 filed March 1, 2000.

I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations §1.56.

Under Title 35, U.S. Code §119, the priority benefits of the following foreign application(s) filed by me or my legal representatives or assigns within one year prior to my international application are hereby claimed:

Danish Patent Application No. PA 1999 00342 filed March 11, 1999.

The following application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate on this invention were filed in countries foreign to the United States of America either (a) more than one year prior to my international application, or (b) before the filing date of the above-named foreign priority application(s):

I hereby appoint the following as my attorneys of record with full power of substitution and revocation to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent Office:

(12)
James A. Oliff, Reg. No. 27,075; William P. Berridge, Reg. No. 30,024;
Kirk M. Hudson, Reg. No. 27,562; Thomas J. Pardini, Reg. No. 30,411;
Edward P. Walker, Reg. No. 31,450; Robert A. Miller, Reg. No. 32,771;
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I hereby declare that I have reviewed and understand the contents of this Declaration, and that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

1-001
Typewritten Full Name
of Sole or First Inventor

2 Inventor's Signature:

3 Date of Signature:

Residence:

Citizenship:

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address, including country)

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Note to Inventor: Please sign name on line 2 exactly as it appears in line 1 and insert the actual date of signing on line 3.

IF THERE IS MORE THAN ONE INVENTOR USE PAGE 2 AND PLACE AN "X" HERE ☐
(Discard this page in a sole inventor application)